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GIRL PRISONER TWELVE YEARS

Father Held to Authorities Pending Indictment.

Girl Said to be Insane and in State of Starvation as Re- sult of Confinement.

Easton, Md., November 21.—Grace Marshall, imprisoned by her father twelve years ago as punishment for attempting to elope with a man of whom he disapproved was discovered by an uncle visiting the home, who bored secretly through the wall between her room and his.

Released through this uncle's appeal to the authorities, Miss Marshall weighs only 57 pounds and hardly knows how to talk. Her father, who had reported she was dead, is being held, with her step-mother.

In the attempted elopement Miss Marshall, then 16 years old, jumped from a second story window, broke one of her legs and she has been a prisoner ever since.

Father and Step-mother Held.
Miss Marshall's father, Frank Marshall, a farmer, residing at St. Michaels, near here, and his wife, the girl's step-mother, are being held by the authorities. Talk of violence is prevalent. Miss Marshall is in the care of the Children's Aid Society. Miss Emma Davis, agent for the Society laid the case before the grand jury, but there was no law to cover the case.

Miss Mary Bartlett, a philanthropist, is working with Miss Davis on the case. They intend to lay it before the governor of Maryland and the attorney general.

Father Said She Was Dead.
After the death of Miss Marshall's mother the children became scattered. Some went to live with aunts or uncles. The father, Frank Marshall, remarried. Grace continued a prisoner in a little dark room. One of the other children, absent at an aunt's home, died. The body was taken back home for burial and the parents let it be understood that it was Grace who had died.

The nearest neighbor was two miles away, and it was to this neighbor that the information was given of Grace's supposed death. The discovery of her plight was made by an uncle, who spent a week in the house. His room adjoined the one in which Grace was imprisoned. He heard noises and at night he dug through the wall at a spot behind a picture on the wall. Finally he bored through the wall and got a glimpse which horrified him.

Marshall was known as a man of violent temper. The uncle, John Hancock of Wilmington, Del., said nothing of his discovery to him, but went to the Children's Aid Society, and Miss Davis. The latter attempted to free the girl but was denied admission. Finally she obtained her release through habeas corpus proceedings. Before taking Miss Marshall away Miss Davis had to provide her with clothing, as the girl had nothing but underclothing, and, in her room was nothing but a bed with a straw mattress, a sheet and two covers.

No fire had been provided in winter and scarcely any ventilation in summer. The one window was closed, with shutters nailed tight.

The uncle said that when he looked through the hole in the wall he saw a creature pulling herself about on the floor, picking up crumbs from the floor. It was said she had only two meals a day and was never allowed to see anyone.

Marshall, the father, according to the report from Easton, admits many of the charges against him, but he asserts that the girl became insane thirteen years ago and that he had not the means to send her to an institution. Investigation is said to have revealed that he was able to have provided for her.

Bryan Getting Ready For Fight Against Defense Program.
Washington, Nov. 23.—William J. Bryan is organizing his opposition and making personal demands on his following in congress to stand

against any increase in the army and navy.

The first public manifestation of Bryan's congressional campaign against the preparedness propaganda came today when members of the house and senate received complimentary copies of an edition of his paper, devoted almost entirely to attacks on the administration plan. Many of the articles are signed by Bryan.

"Turn on the light and let the country see the fraudulent character of the pretended patriotism which is being paraded before the country by men who claim a superior attachment to the nation, but are in fact, nothing but leeches and parasites."

"The elections of 1915 ought to serve as a warning to the Democratic party," Bryan says in another article, and then adds that the indorsement given preparedness in Massachusetts, if it did not defeat the party, "at least failed to save it."

Taking sides with Majority Leader Kitchin, who opposed the president, Bryan says:

"It is fortunate for the party and the country that the Democratic leader is too well poised to be 'shoed' into the coop of the special interests by manufactured scares."

Referring to printed articles showing how easily New York could be made to pay tribute if attacked by a foreign fleet, Mr. Bryan says:

"If the danger is that great, would it not be a good plan to build a vault west of the Alleghenies and store this billion beyond the reach of danger?"

The receipt of the copies of the Commoner was accepted around the capitol as Bryan's public declaration of war against the President and his program.

Allies Starving Us, Greek Plaint.

London, Nov. 23.—"The only thing we want is peace and you are trying force us to make war," said D. G. Rhalis, the Greek Minister of Justice and guiding spirit in the Cabinet of M. Skouloudis, in an interview last Thursday with the Daily Mail's correspondent at Athens.

"The British government and the British press," continued M. Rhalis, "are taking a disgraceful and infamous attitude toward us. You are starving us, only today two more wheat vessels have been stopped by you."

"Your government having piled fault on fault and delay on delay, with only a few thousand troops to help us, wants to force us to step in and die. You want us to succor you when no English soldiers have shed their blood in Serbia—when scarcely an English rifle has been fired."

"We do not wish to be another Belgium or Serbia. We love Serbia, but before attempting to rescue a drowning friend, one should be sure his effort is not merely a useless sacrifice."

Regarding the attitude of Greece in case the Allies should be forced over the frontier, M. Rhalis said: "Certainly, no attempt would be made to disarm them. They can dig trenches and defend themselves if they must. We will even go to the extent of establishing a cordon to safeguard their retreat."

The Daily Mail's correspondent says he believes the attitude of M. Rhalis reflects that of a majority of the Greek people, who are unanimous in their desire for peace.

"From the most ragged boatman to the King himself," the correspondent remarks, "the whole of the Greek people get up in the morning with the prayer on their lips, 'let there be no war today.'"

The correspondent discusses lengthily the attitude of the Greek King, who, he declares, is not pro-German altho decidedly under the influence of the Queen.

"The King does not love Germany," says the correspondent, "he offered to join the Allies last April on condition that the Dardanelles project be abandoned and an advance be made thru Thrace. Since that date the King has gained implicit confidence in German prowess. He said a few days ago: 'They can not beat Germany; they will never conquer her. They tell me that I am between the devil and the deep sea, and that I may as well throw in my lot with the Allies, whose pressure can be immediate. But France and England, whatever happens, will never be severe with my country, while Germany will be implacable. It is my duty to save my country from the horrors of Belgium.'"

HAPPINESS SHATTERED BY SUDDEN ARREST

Old Charge is Brought Against Man Who Had Served Prison Term.

Thomas Logsdon was found guilty of bootlegging five years ago and was sentenced to 450 days in the Grayson County Jail.

After serving 252 days he was pardoned by the Governor. The charge was brought by the State. Logsdon's pardon was partially due to his perfect record as a prisoner.

Leaving the Grayson County Jail, Logsdon came to Louisville, secured a position with the L. & N. Railroad and tried to forget the past. He married and his happiness knew no bounds when he became a father.

After being a steady laborer and a good citizen for four years, the United States Government unearthed a warrant it had for Logsdon for the same offense for which he was charged, found guilty, sentenced and pardoned by the State.

United States Deputy Marshal Howell was given the warrant to serve yesterday.

"I hate to do this," he told Logsdon "but it's the law."

Logsdon was brought before Commissioner Haswell yesterday. He pleaded guilty.

"My only request is," said Logsdon, "that I be sentenced as soon as possible so I may serve my time and return to my wife and baby."

In compliance with his request, Logsdon was taken to the Elizabethtown Jail last night, from where he will be taken before Judge Evans who will pronounce sentence on him at Owensboro, where Federal Court is being held.

Commissioner Haswell will request leniency for Logsdon.

Destruction of Birds Costs Billion Dollars a Year.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Destruction of birds, according to Col. G. O. Shields, president of the League of American Sportsmen, costs the United States a billion dollars a year. Colonel Shields made the assertion in an address before the Chicago chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution today.

"Cotton growers," he said, "lose \$100,000,000 a year by the boll weevil. Why? Because the quails, the prairie chickens, the meadow larks and other birds, which were formerly there in millions, have been swept away by thoughtless men and boys."

The chinch bug costs wheat growers another \$100,000,000, he said, and the Hessian fly \$200,000,000.

"It takes more than 24,000 chinch bugs to weigh an ounce, and nearly 50,000 Hessian flies to weigh the same," continued the speaker. "A quail killed by an expert in Ohio had in its craw 1,200 chinch bugs. Another killed in a Kansas wheat field had 2,000 Hessian flies."

Colonel Shields added that potato growers pay \$17,000,000 a year for spraying poisons and remarked that a quail slain in Pennsylvania had 127 potato bugs in its craw. He said that Mrs. Margaret M. Nice, of the faculty of the Massachusetts State University, after long study, estimated that a quail destroys 75,000 bugs and 6,000,000 weed seeds annually.

New Star Theater.

The Star Theater will give a show on Tuesday, Friday and Saturday nights of each week. Will open the doors at 7:30 and the show will begin promptly at 7:45 o'clock each evening.

You cannot afford to miss these shows, as we have one of the best and most up-to-date machines made. We also have the best screen on the market and it will not hurt your eyes to look at these pictures. We likewise have one of the best and most modernly equipped show houses outside of Louisville. We have spared neither time nor money in equipping a real show house for the people of Hartford and vicinity. Your patronage will be appreciated.

E. G. BARRASS,
Mgr. Star Theater.

FOR SALE—GOOD VALUE IN
farm land, small or large farm to suit purchasers; only sold to settle estate; easy terms. J. L. Hawes, Maceo, Ky.

OFFICIAL COUNT IN ALL RACES

Hamlett Files Injunction and Will Undoubtedly Contest.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 22.—The long-expected contest for the office of Secretary of State materialized shortly before midnight.

Barksdale Hamlett, of Hopkinsville, Democrat, secured an injunction in the Franklin Circuit Court, restraining the State Election Commission from issuing the certificate of election to James P. Lewis, of Whitesburg, Republican. The total number of votes counted by the State Election Commission for Lewis was 209,745, and the total vote for Hamlett was 209,627. Lewis' majority was 118.

The injunction was issued by the Circuit Clerk in the absence of the Circuit Judge.

The grounds for the injunction are the counting of the recertifications of the votes in Christian, McCreary and Shelby counties. The recertified vote of Hart county, which would have added ninety-one votes to Lewis' total, was not counted because the certificate was not made in proper order.

Hamlett appeared before the board after it reconvened for the night session and made a statement saying that on the face of the returns he had won the election by ninety-three votes and that the original certifications show it.

"I am asking no favors," said Hamlett, "but merely stating my case to you and asking for a fair deal. Under the law the commission has no right to consider recertifications. If I had had the money I could have procured any number of recertifications, but I could not afford to pay for them. The votes accepted from McCreary County are frauds, the whole county should be thrown out. There is also fraud in Christian county and Hart county. I have an appeal before the Appellate Court now and if you award the certificate before that case is decided you will be doing me an injustice."

Friends suggested to Hamlett that he should obtain an injunction and the members of the board would comply with it. There were no contests in any other races. The recertifications were accepted by the defeated candidates.

The Figures.
Frankfort, Nov. 22.—The State Board of Election Commissioners convened here today and canvassed the returns of the election held on November 2 last.

According to the tabulations of the figures in the Governor's race, A. O. Stanley received a majority of 471 over his Republican opponent, Edwin P. Morrow. The figures in the contest were Stanley, 219,991; Morrow, 219,520.

For Lieutenant Governor James D. Black received the largest majority of any candidate in the State races. His majority over Lewis L. Walker was 8,728. The totals were Black, 215,855; Walker, 207,127.

On the correct certifications, based on recertifications in all counties where errors were said to have crept in, James P. Lewis defeated Barksdale Hamlett, for Secretary of State, by a majority of 115 votes. The figures were Lewis, 209,754; Hamlett, 209,639. Immediately prior to the result of the canvass in this race being announced Hamlett caused an injunction to be issued by the Circuit Court Clerk of Franklin county against the election commissioners, enjoining them from issuing a certificate of election to Lewis, and from counting the recertifications. The injunction will be heard tomorrow.

Robert L. Green was elected Auditor of Public Accounts by a majority of 4,908. The vote was Green, 212,307; Webber, 207,399.

Sherman Goodpaster received 4,201 more votes than his Republican opponent, William A. Hunter. Goodpaster's total vote was 211,264; Hunter, 206,963.

M. M. Logan won the office of Attorney General over Thomas B. McGregor by 4,723 votes. Logan's vote was 211,290; McGregor, 206,567.

Total vote in race for Superin-

tendent of Public Instruction was V. O. Gilbert, Democrat, 210,352; R. P. Green, Republican, 207,552, majority of 2,700 for Gilbert.

Matt Cohen was honored with the largest majority of any of the officials, excepting the Lieutenant Governor. He got 5,863 votes more than William C. Hanna, his Republican opponent. The votes were: Cohen, 212,461; Hanna, 206,598.

Kentucky Should Have More Public Health Nurses.

Col. L. L. Maus, Secretary of the State Tuberculosis Commission wants to know what is the matter with the good women of Kentucky. He says that there are less than twenty health leagues in the State, where there should be 120, or one for each county. The leagues in operation are doing splendid work in their respective counties, and are not only relieving hundreds of the ill-poor, but are saving the lives of untold numbers to the State. Through these health leagues a dozen visiting nurses at least have been permanently employed to attend the poor and afflicted, many of whom are suffering from trachoma, hookworm, pellagra and consumption, which is so prevalent everywhere and causes such an enormous loss of life each year to the State. Besides the splendid work of nursing the sick, the visiting nurses are making inspections of the school children to detect tuberculosis, and carrying the gospel of sanitation and prevention of disease to thousands of poor and illiterate.

The annual salary and expense of a county visiting nurse rarely exceeds \$1500, and few of our women are aware of the fact that twice this amount could easily be raised in every county through the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals, 90, per cent of which goes to the leagues, the remaining 10 per cent, to the National Red Cross Society to reimburse it for the seals, advertising cards, bulletins etc., furnished.

Col. Maus will gladly mail anyone a set of rules and regulations for the organization of a county health league. He trusts that the progressive women of every county in the State will organize a society and undertake at once the sale of Christmas seals during the present campaign.

The following is a brief report of Mrs. Edith M. Hickey, the visiting nurse in Muhlenburg county, concerning her work from September 20th to October 31st.

Number of public schools inspected 46.
Number of children inspected, 2649.
Number of cases of trachoma found among the 2649, 400.
Number of Public talks 50.
Calls made on tuberculosis patients 50.

Number of tuberculosis patients reported to nurse, 75.
42 of these homes have been visited; 34 remain yet on the nurse's list to be seen whenever she can find the time to get to them.

After reading this report, can the people of Kentucky doubt the advisability of placing a Public Health Nurse in each county? Do they realize the importance of the visits to these tuberculosis homes and the instructions given these people how to live, what to do to prevent tuberculosis from spreading from one to another, how to use sputum boxes and why they should be used? A great majority of the people of Kentucky still think tuberculosis is a hereditary disease. The only way we can ever eradicate tuberculosis is through the education of the masses. Again what does it mean to the 40 children found suffering from trachoma in the county if their eyes are not treated? Nothing else but permanent blindness.

The nurse in this county goes exclusively on horseback for the reason of roughness of the roads.
We only hope that every county in the State of Kentucky will have a Public Health Nurse in this fight against the Great White Plague.

Notice.
Those knowing themselves indebted to Her & Black by account will please call and settle same at once, as we want to get all the partnership business closed up as speedily as possible, since I have purchased his interest in the grocery business and sold him my interest in the farm. Prompt attention to this will be appreciated.

J. C. ILLER.

PEACE THROUGH WILSON REPORT

It Is Declared There is Foundation for Rumor.

Ford Asks President to Call Neu- tral Conference. Willing to Give Riches to Aid.

London, Nov. 23.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Magazine from Berne says:

"There is declared to be undoubted foundation for the report that Emperor William will make an open offer for peace through President Wilson after the Emperor's coming state entry into Constantinople."

Ford Confers With Wilson.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Henry Ford called on President Wilson today in support of the movement for a neutral conference to attempt to end the European war and establish a permanent peace. He told the President he considered Christmas the best time for such a movement, but declined to say how the President had received his suggestion.

"I am willing to give all the money I've got and to go anywhere if my doing so will aid this movement," said Mr. Ford as he came from the White House. "President Wilson has kept the United States out of war and I have learned that his course is being approved by people generally throughout the country."

Mrs. Philip Snowden, wife of a member of the British Parliament, and Mme. Rosika Schwimmer, of Hungary, will see the President Friday to urge the same movement. Mr. Ford was here with Mrs. Snowden and Mme. Schwimmer.

"I want to do everything I can to end the reign of militarism," said Mr. Ford. "It is the curse of the world today."

Women Send Peace Wires.

New York, Nov. 23.—Five thousand telegrams addressed to women's clubs and organizations of all kinds were sent out by the Women's Peace Party tonight. The telegrams, which are to be followed by others until \$10,000 has been expended for the purpose, call upon women to telegraph President Wilson urging him to call a conference of neutral nations to settle the European war. The messages bore the signature of Jane Addams.

POND RUN.

The revival meeting closed last Wednesday night. There were seven conversions and three additions to the church.

Mr. Charlie Robinson, with his family, visited his mother, Mrs. Lisa Robinson, Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Marie Crowder was the guest of Miss Bessie Graham Sunday afternoon.

Miss Maggie Hunter was the guest of Miss Margaret Tomerlin Saturday night and Sunday. Miss Shula Robinson also visited her Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. Sam Shaver, Ray and Dauphin Hunter have moved with their families to Illinois where they will work thru the winter.

Mr. Byron Robertson of South Dakota is at home on a few days visit. From here he will go to Illinois with his mother.

Mrs. Ira Hartley is going to Illinois where she will be with her husband.

Miss Carrie Southard was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Nan Chapman, Sunday.

Prayer meeting is still being attended well every Wednesday night at Pond Run.

Methodist Ladies Bazaar, Nov. 30; 3 Days.

The Ladies of the Methodist Church Society will hold their annual bazaar in the basement of the church beginning Tuesday Nov. 30 and continuing three days. Excellent dinners will be served every day and oysters, ices and cake will be served at any hour. Be sure to see the display of rugs, fancy and useful articles before buying your Christmas presents. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody.